Not for student use. Use in conjunction with a paper mathematics item sampler.

# Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments-Series III

Mathematics Item Sampler Script Grade 5

ITEM SAMPLERS ARE NOT SECURE TEST MATERIALS. THIS ITEM SAMPLER SCRIPT MAY BE COPIED OR DUPLICATED.



#### MINNESOTA COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENTS ITEM SAMPLER GRADE 5 MATHEMATICS SCRIPT

### INSTRUCTIONS CONTAINED IN THE ITEM SAMPLER REFLECT THE CONTENT OF THE ACTUAL TEST AND MAY NOT APPLY TO THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE ITEM SAMPLER.

This script is for Test Monitor use only. Students take the test in a regular print, large print, or braille test book while the Test Monitor reads from the script.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR TEST MONITORS:

- Prior to test administration, review the *Directions for Paper Administrations* for detailed policy and procedure information for test administration (e.g., stopping testing for the day).
- Read scripted instructions to students from the *Directions for Paper Administrations*, as directed, and refer to the directions throughout the test administration.
- For braille, Test Monitors should also refer to the *Test Monitor Notes for Braille* included with the braille test book.
- Do not discuss test content with the student during or after the test.
- Do not discuss any portion of the test or the student's performance with others.
- Read the applicable guidelines on the following pages for reading the script aloud or signing the script (if the student requires the script to be signed).

#### GUIDELINES FOR READING THE SCRIPT ALOUD

#### *Read Aloud ONLY what is in BOLD TYPE*

- Read test content exactly as written, as steadily and clearly as possible without changing, emphasizing, or adding information.
- Do not paraphrase, clarify, define, or translate any part of the questions, answer options, or instructions in the script.
- This script is the only source you may use to read the test to the student. Reading any test content from the test book is not allowed and may require the test to be invalidated.
- Respond to student questions using only scripted directions from the *Directions for Paper Administrations*.

#### Respond to the Student's Needs

- Adjust your reading speed and volume if requested by the student.
- After a question has been read, allow the student time to respond. If the pause has been lengthy, you may ask, "Do you want me to repeat the question or any part of it again?" before continuing.

#### Maintain Neutrality

- Communicate in a neutral tone and maintain a neutral facial expression and posture.
- Do not attempt to solve questions, or determine the correct answer to a question while reading, as this may result in pauses or changes in inflection which may mislead the student.
- Be careful to give equal emphasis to each answer option. If the student chooses an answer before all the answer options have been read, ask, "Do you want the other answer options read?" before continuing.

#### GUIDELINES FOR SIGNED INTERPRETATION OF SCRIPT

#### Sign ONLY what is in BOLD TYPE

- Sign test content exactly as written, as steadily and clearly as possible without changing, emphasizing, or adding information.
- Do not clarify or define any part of the questions, answer options, or instructions in the script.
- This script is the only source you may use to sign the test to the student. Signing any test content from the test book is not allowed and may require the test to be invalidated.
- Respond to student questions using only scripted directions from the *Directions for Paper Administrations*.

#### Use Professional Judgment when Signing

- Do your best to use the same signs if the student requests a portion to be repeated.
- Use signs that are conceptually accurate, with or without simultaneous voicing.
- When using an ASL sign that can represent more than one concept or English word, you must adequately contextualize the word to reduce any ambiguity. You may also spell the word after signing it to remove any doubt about which word is intended.
- If you are unsure how to sign and/or pronounce an unfamiliar word, advise the student of the uncertainty and spell the word.
- In cases where signs give clues to the answer, finger spelling must be used.

#### Respond to the Student's Needs

- Adjust your signing speed if requested by the student.
- Spell any words requested by the student during the test administration.
- After a question has been signed, allow the student time to respond. If the pause has been lengthy, you may ask, "Do you want me to sign the question or any part of it again?" before continuing.

#### Use Appropriate Physical/Facial Expressions

- Use facial expressions consistent with sign-language delivery; do not use expressions which may be interpreted by the student as approval or disapproval of the student's responses.
- Do not attempt to solve questions, or determine the correct answer to a question while signing, as this may result in pauses or changes in inflection which may mislead the student.
- Be careful to give equal emphasis to each answer option. If the student chooses an answer before all the answer options have been signed, ask, "Do you want the other answer options signed?" before continuing.

After reading the applicable scripted instructions in the *Directions for Paper Administrations*, say the following before you begin reading the questions on the next page:

After I read each question, I will pause for as much time as you need to answer the question. Then I will read the next question. You may ask me to repeat any question as many times as you need.

#### GRADE 5 MATHEMATICS MCA SCRIPT SEGMENT 1

We will now begin Segment One (1). You MAY NOT use a calculator for this segment.

**Question number one** (1):

Divide (the expression shown).

Choose answer A, B, C, or D.

**Question number two (2):** 

Which number has a five (5) in the ten thousandths place?

Choose answer A, B, C, or D.

**Question number three** (3):

Johan's race time was forty-five point zero three (45.03) seconds. Kyle's race time was zero point one (0.1) second less than Johan's time. What was Kyle's race time?

- A. Forty-four point zero three (44.03) seconds
- **B.** Forty-four point nine three (44.93) seconds
- **C.** Forty-five point one three (45.13) seconds
- **D.** Forty-five point one four (45.14) seconds

**Question number four** (4):

What is zero point four five eight three one (0.45831) rounded to the nearest thousandth?

Choose answer A, B, C, or D.

**Question number five** (5):

Add (the expression shown).

Choose answer A, B, C, or D.

**Question number six** (6):

A fraction model is shown.

What is represented by the model?

Choose answer A, B, C, or D.

**Question number seven** (7):

Yesterday, Jamal read seventeen (17) pages in his book. Today, he read more pages than he read yesterday. Which inequality shows *p*, the number of pages Jamal could have read today?

Choose answer A, B, C, or D.

READ ONLY WHAT IS IN BOLD TYPE

**Question number eight** (8):

How many edges does a hexagonal prism have?

Choose answer A, B, C, or D.

## STOP

Stop when the student reaches the end of Segment 1. Refer to the *Directions for Paper Administrations* as needed before continuing.

#### GRADE 5 MATHEMATICS MCA SCRIPT SEGMENT 2

We will now begin Segment Two (2). You MAY use a calculator for this segment.

**Question number nine** (9):

Jan has five hundred (500) pieces of paper. She prints as many copies as possible of a sixteen (16)-page report. How many pieces of paper are left?

Choose answer A, B, C, or D.

**Question number ten** (10):

A bookcase has four (4) shelves. The bottom shelf has ten (10) books. Each of the other shelves has five (5) more books than the shelf below it. How many books are in the bookcase?

Choose answer A, B, C, or D.

**Question number eleven** (11):

Five points are shown on a number line.

The letters on top of the number line, from left to right, read: "*J*," "*K*," "*L*," "*M*," "*N*."

Between which two (2) points is seven-sixteenths ( $\frac{7}{16}$ ) located?

Choose one of the following answers. (Read answers aloud.)

A. *J* and *K*B. *K* and *L*C. *L* and *M*D. *M* and *N*

**Question number twelve** (12):

Lydia used one twenty-fifth  $(\frac{1}{25})$  of her notebook paper. What decimal amount did she use?

Choose answer A, B, C, or D.

**Question number thirteen** (13):

Jill is forty-eight and five-eighths  $(48\frac{5}{8})$  inches tall. Let is forty-seven point five (47.5) inches tall. What is the difference in their heights?

Choose one of the following answers. (Read answers aloud.)

- A. Zero point one two five (0.125) inches
- **B.** One point zero eight (1.08) inches
- **C.** One point one two five (1.125) inches
- **D.** One point six two (1.62) inches

**Question number fourteen** (14):

At a movie store, Erin pays a monthly fee and is charged for each movie she rents. The table shows the monthly cost when Erin rents different numbers of movies.

The title of the table is: "Monthly Cost." The table has three (3) rows and two (2) columns. The column headings are labeled from left to right: "Number of Movies," "Total Cost (dollars)."

How much is the monthly fee that Erin pays?

- A. Three dollars (\$3)
- **B.** Six dollars (\$6)
- C. Fifteen dollars (\$15)
- **D.** Eighteen dollars (\$18)

**Question number fifteen** (15):

Three points are shown on a grid.

Which rule was used to plot the points?

Choose answer A, B, C, or D.

**Question number sixteen** (16):

An expression is shown.

What is the value of the expression?

Choose answer A, B, C, or D.

**Question number seventeen** (17):

Which value makes the equation (shown) true?

Choose answer A, B, C, or D.

**Question number eighteen** (18):

What is the value of (the expression shown) when k equals three (k = 3) and j equals five (j = 5)?

Choose answer A, B, C, or D.

READ ONLY WHAT IS IN BOLD TYPE

**Question number nineteen** (19):

Please write your answer in the space below the question. You may use the digits: zero through nine (0-9) and the symbols: slash for a fraction bar (/) and a decimal(.). If your answer is a mixed number, you must change it to an improper fraction or decimal.

A triangle has a height of twenty-five (25) feet. The length of its base is twelve (12) feet. What is the area of the triangle?

**Question number twenty** (20):

Which net makes a cylinder?

Choose answer A, B, C, or D.

**Question number twenty-one** (21):

A trapezoid is shown.

**Clockwise from the top the figure reads: "nine centimeters** (9 cm)," "twelve centimeters (12 cm)," "fourteen centimeters (14 cm)," "thirteen centimeters (13 cm)."

What is the area of the trapezoid?

- A. Forty-eight square centimeters (48 cm<sup>2</sup>)
- **B.** One hundred thirty-eight square centimeters (138 cm<sup>2</sup>)
- C. One hundred sixty-eight square centimeters (168 cm<sup>2</sup>)
- **D.** One hundred seventy-three square centimeters (173 cm<sup>2</sup>)

**Question number twenty-two** (22):

Amy covers the box shown with paper.

From top to bottom, the figure reads: "twelve centimeters (12 cm)," "eight centimeters (8 cm)," "ten centimeters (10 cm)."

What is the surface area of the box?

Choose one of the following answers. (Read answers aloud.)

- A. One hundred eighty square centimeters (180 sq. cm)
- **B.** Two hundred ninety-six square centimeters (296 sq. cm)
- C. Five hundred ninety-two square centimeters (592 sq. cm)
- D. Nine hundred sixty square centimeters (960 sq. cm)

**Question number twenty-three** (23):

A rectangular prism has a height of h centimeters (h cm). The area of its base is B square centimeters (B cm<sup>2</sup>). How much does the volume of the prism increase when the height is increased by one centimeter (1 cm)?

- A. One cubic centimeter (1 cm<sup>3</sup>)
- **B.** *h* plus one cubic centimeters  $(h + 1 \text{ cm}^3)$
- **C.** *B* cubic centimeters (*B* cm<sup>3</sup>)
- **D.** *B* plus one cubic centimeters  $(B + 1 \text{ cm}^3)$

**Question number twenty-four** (24):

Anya listed the prices of meals on a menu.

Fourteen dollars and eighty-five cents (\$14.85), ten dollars and seventy-five cents (\$10.75), eight dollars and fifty cents (\$8.50), twelve dollars and forty-five cents (\$12.45), nine dollars and twenty cents (\$9.20).

What is the mean price of the meals?

Choose one of the following answers. (Read answers aloud.)

- A. Six dollars and thirty-five cents (\$6.35)
- **B.** Eight dollars and fifty cents (\$8.50)
- C. Ten dollars and seventy-five cents (\$10.75)
- **D.** Eleven dollars and fifteen cents (\$11.15)

**Question number twenty-five** (25):

Maria recorded the heights of two (2) plants for four (4) weeks.

The title of the graph is: "Plant Growth." The horizontal axis is labeled: "Week." The vertical axis is labeled: "Height (centimeters)." The key to the right of the graph is labeled, from top to bottom: "Plant one (1)," "Plant two (2)."

How much did plant two (2) grow from week one (1) to week two (2)?

- **A. One centimeter** (1 cm)
- **B.** One and one-half centimeters  $(1\frac{1}{2} \text{ cm})$
- **C.** Two centimeters (2 cm)
- **D.** Four and one-half centimeters  $(4\frac{1}{2} \text{ cm})$

## STOP

Refer to the *Directions for Paper Administrations* for information on collection and return of test materials.

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